# Straightcurve® Flex Raised Garden Bed Panel - 560mm

FL560WS WEATHERING STEEL | FL560GS GALVANISED STEEL





### FINISHES



For smoothly curving Raised Garden Beds that look great and hold position once shaped & installed.

## Product features The details that make the difference



### **Product specifications**

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Length 2160mm

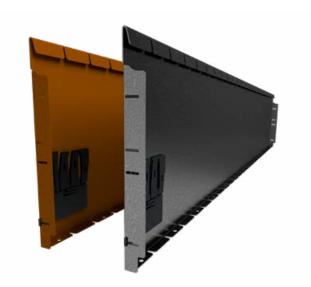
Top edge thickness 8mm

Steel plate thickness 2mm

Weight per length 22kg

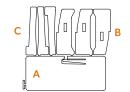
**BULK BUYING** 

Pack quantity 10
Bulk pack weight inc. pallet 236



#### **SOLD AS SET INCLUDING**

- Joining set includes 1 X join bracket (A), 3 x slider (B), 3 x wedge (C)
- 5 x Fixing spikes, galvanised, 300mm long
- 2 x bracing ribs (attached to panel/movable)







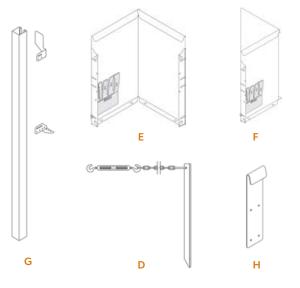
#### ADDITIONAL ACCESSORIES

#### REQUIRED

D Universal bracing set (turnbuckle/chain/T-stake) - unless using 1100mm ground anchor set alternative

#### **OPTIONAL**

- E Corner piece (90° right angle / arm lengths: 255mm)
- F Reverse corner piece (270° L-shape / arm lengths: 255mm)
- G Ground anchor set 1100mm (Tek screws required)
- H Join part for offcuts (Tek screws required)



### Flex Raised Garden Bed Panel - 560mm Installation Guide



#### **REQUIRED FIXINGS**

- Ground anchor set 6 x Tek Screws (12G x 16mm)
- Join part for offcuts 10 x Tek Screws (12G x 16mm/zinc colour for WS)

#### **RECOMMENDED TOOLS**

- Ground leveling tools
- Metal hammer
- Rubber mallet
- · Cordless drill and Tek screw bit (for accessories G and H)
- Angle grinder (required if modifying lengths or fashioning corners/ends)

#### **PREPARATIONS**

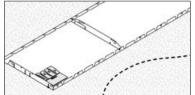
The Flex Raised Garden Bed requires NO digging in as its feet are secured to the ground surface. The base should be smoothed/ leveled for the edge to sit flush on the ground during installation. Any obstructions should be removed or re-routed. It can be installed on all level ground types including concrete surfaces (where packers are used to sit edge off ground to allow drainage). It is useful to have some cardboard or board to place under joins when connecting with the panel face down on flat ground. Grass and debris likes to get caught in the tight seam!

#### DO...

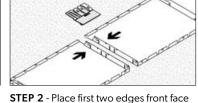
- Join all lengths in place and perfect the line before finally fixing in position.
- and work back.
- Score an intermittent line rather than one deep score line if making corners.
- Follow the instructions carefully and do it with a friend If making a two panel ring.
- outward pressure.

#### DON'T...

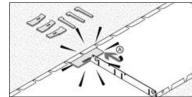
- Use for straight lines, instead use Rigid Or Zero-Flex options.
- Forcibly bend. Take care and gently flex the edge to shape.
- Forget to stake or brace your edge once joined unless making circular beds (less than 3m diameter).
- Accelerate rust with acids or salts (but soapy water is ok!)



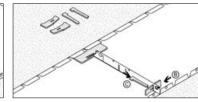
**STEP 1 -** Mark edge line on ground and layout edge pieces nearby.



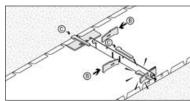
down on the ground with ends touching and with join slots aligned.



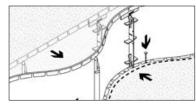
the pieces apart first by hand and insert join bracket (A) securely under the top lip against the edge. Knock it through fully (centred). Press it against back of panels so wedge (C) can insert and lock in the (use a metal hammer to firmly lock in).



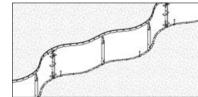
STEP 3 - Join using the joining set, break STEP 4 - Next, insert a slider (B) through adjacent bottom slots with it's 'feet' slider.



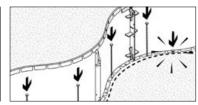
STEP 5 - Hammer the wedge in firmly. Repeat step 4 for middle and top slot using the remaining wedge and slider sets.



**STEP 6 -** Set these two edges upright and flex to position where desired, use fixing spikes as temporary placeholders.



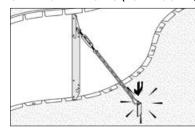
STEP 7 - Introduce and join further lengths (or joined pairs of lengths), butting them against the now standing edge, connecting them as you go.



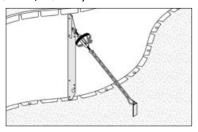
STEP 8 - Check the line, then hammer all fixing spikes (5 per length) through foot

#### **CHOOSE YOUR BRACING METHOD**

#### UNIVERSAL BRACING (TURNBUCKLE/CHAIN/T-STAKE)

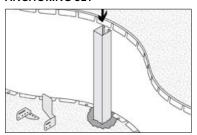


STEP 9A.1 - Using the universal bracing STEP 9A.2 - The turnbuckle is then used set, hammer in the anchoring stake and connect to bracing rib with chain and turnbuckle taut.

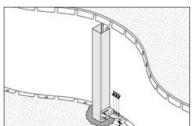


for fine vertical adjustment.

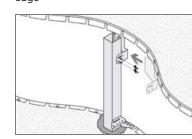
#### ANCHORING SET



STEP 9B.1 - Alternatively brace with ground anchoring set-1100mm\*. These posts are installed flush against back of edge

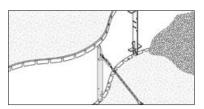


STEP 9B.2 - Once posts in position, screw the fitting set foot piece through guide holes to join the post and edge at



**STEP 9B.3** - Fitting the top piece allows adjustment of the vertical, check carefully before final screwing to post

#### **CONTINUE TO FINISH**



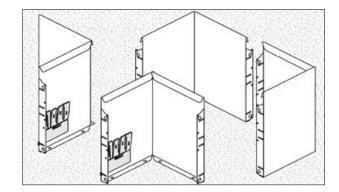
STEP 10 - Back fill your Raised Garden Bed to finish.

<sup>\*</sup>The Ground Anchor Post may be screwed directly to the bracing rib (at guide holes) if not using the fitting set

### Creating corners

#### **PRE-MADE CORNERS**

Pre-made corners with 255mm long arms are available for purchase and include the standard joining set. There is a standard 90 degree right angle corner and a reverse corner for turnbacks such as when making an L- shape. It's difficult, but the angle of these pre-made corners can be adjusted by applying considerable force using ratchet straps or other means.

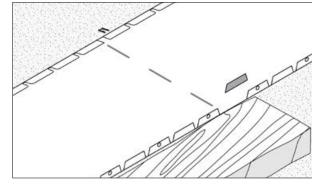


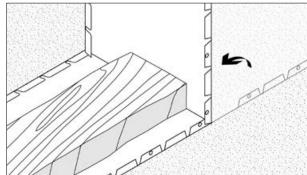
#### **MAKING YOUR OWN CORNERS**

To make a corner yourself you will need to use an angle grinder. Be sure to operate safely with all suitable gear.

- 1. Mark a vertical line down the back of the edge directly beneath a top edge notch space where the corner fold is needed. With the angle grinder score the line in three places sufficiently to create a fold line.
- 2. Also widen the top lip notch gap and cut and remove a bottom foot tab on one side of the fold line to allow room for bending in.
- 3. Bend strongly by hand; using a block of wood close to the fold to form the bend against helps.

For reverse corners (~270°) a fold line will need to be cut in as above. Also raise the height of the notch groove to the top of the lip neatly to aid the bend. No other cuts are required.





### Creating circles

#### **CIRCLES & CURVE CAPABILITIES**

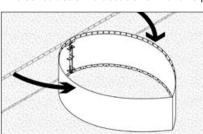
Connecting edge panels makes standard ring sizes. Design for complete edge lengths of 2 or more to give the desired diameter. Here's our standard sizes.

#### Standard Circle diameters

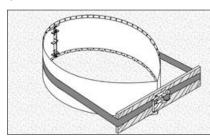
5 No. of panels: 2 3 4 Diameter: 1.37m 2.06m 2.75m 3.44m In terms of curve capabilities, the 400mm Flex Raised Garden Bed Panel has a minimum radius achievable of around 700mm. It is designed to allow this degree of flex and no more. This is also why you cannot make a ring with one panel, the two panel ring is the smallest possible. If the Raised Garden Bed face makes a concave curve the back of the join flanges can gap slightly. To counter this, there are some pilot holes at the back edge of the join flange. Screw through these with Tek screws before creating the concave curve.

#### HOW TO MAKE A TIGHT CIRCLE (D:1370MM) WITH TWO EDGE PANELS.

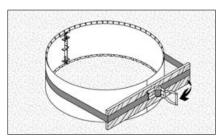
Require 5m ratchet strap and sturdy rectangular board (recommend 600-1200mm wide X edge height). This construction is best done with two people.



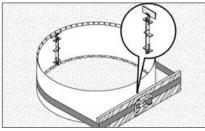
STEP 1 - Connect two panels with joining set, STEP 2 - Place ratchet strap around midriff and then pull ends in to meet in teardrop shape.



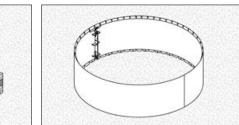
over the board, with the board positioned to pull in open end.



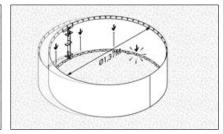
STEP 3 - Ratchet in until ends are flush, and fully align join flanges with gradual ratcheting



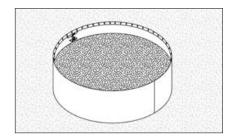
STEP 4 - When the edge end join flanges align perfectly, use joining set to lock together.



**STEP 5 -** Release ratchet and unstrap, it will be slightly oval in shape.



STEP 6 - Correct by hand to desired ring shape, measuring diameter (1.37m) and pin the feet to hold as you go. Use a rubber mallet to finesse shape.



STEP 7 - That done, fill evenly, there is no need for bracing this self supporting circle.

Note: For three or more panels, two people can simply pull into shape and connect, without the need for ratchet approach

### **Bracing methods**

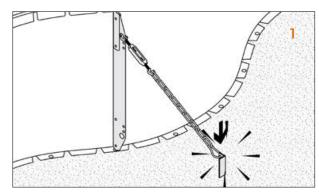
#### **BRACING ON VARIOUS HARD SURFACES**

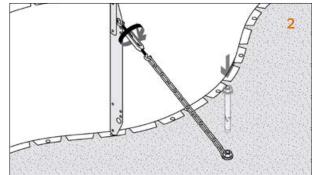
The Universal Bracing Sets are best suited for these conditions. Simply fit the turnbuckle with chain to the pre-fitted bracing ribs and anchor back to the ground.

Alternatively, the 1100mm ground anchor sets can be used on hard surfaces that allow a post hole.

- The stake that comes with the Universal Bracing Set is of a star picket style and will penetrate very hard surfaces, as do the fixing spikes that lock in the feet.
- 2. On concrete, a bolt down method can be used in place of the stake, anchoring the chain with a DynaBolt™. Bolt the foot tab holes in place with an 8mm DynaBolt™, but first introduce packers to raise it slightly for drainage.

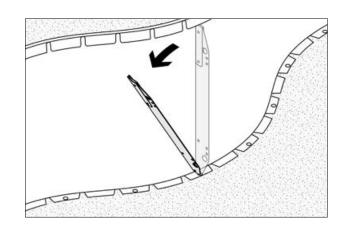
TIP: When using the Universal Bracing Sets, securing the anchor point to alternative structures such as walls or fences is also a workable solution.





#### **HOW TO MOVE A BRACING RIB**

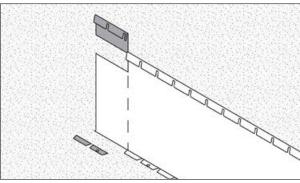
It's easy to move the bracing rib if it is located above an obstacle preventing staking there or where access to the rib will be difficult. Simply loosen and remove the bracing rib by knocking it sideways near the top with a hammer. It can then be refitted in a new place, inserting the base nub into a bottom foot tab hole first, and then tapping the upper part of the bracing rib with a hammer firmly to return it to a vertical position tight behind the top lip.

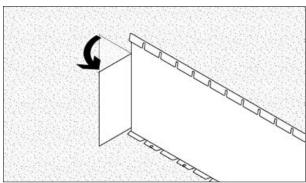


## CREATING CONNECTION TABS OF YOUR OWN

To fix one end to a wall or other solid feature you can fix the folded back flange on the end of the panel to that surface. Simply bolt or screw as appropriate to fix it strongly.

If the edge panel is too long to do that, you can both shorten and create a join tab at the same time with your angle grinder. To do so measure carefully first, then remove the extra top lip portion and create the fold back piece by the score and bend method as shown. The tab can then be screwed internally to the surface it meets, which is sometimes another piece of Straightcurve®!





## COMPATIBILITY AND WORKING ON SLOPES

- The 560mm Flex Raised Garden Bed Panel is compatible with the 560mm Rigid Raised Garden Bed Panels. This allows them to work in combination.
- 2. In fact, join slots align across all Flex or Rigid panels (240/400/560mm) so that a continuous top edge occurs if different heights are joined together. This across height compatibility can be used to advantage with Raised Garden Beds on a slope. On the lower part of the slope the Raised Garden Bed run may need taller panels with a greater edge face visible due to the slope falling away, with panels of lesser height required further up the bank. It takes some careful planning, but can look very effective, adding volume and height to a bed while reducing the amount of steel used in the project overall.

